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**Wealth Management &
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There's Still Time to Contribute to an IRA for 2021

Even though tax filing season is well under way, there's still time to make a regular IRA contribution for 2021. You have until your tax return due date (not including extensions) to contribute up to \$6,000 for 2021 (\$7,000 if you were age 50 or older on or before December 31, 2021). For most taxpayers, the contribution deadline for 2021 is Monday, April 18, 2022.

You can contribute to a traditional IRA, a Roth IRA, or both, as long as your total contributions don't exceed the annual limit (or, if less, 100% of your earned income). You may also be able to contribute to an IRA for your spouse for 2021, even if your spouse didn't have any 2021 income.

Traditional IRA

You can contribute to a traditional IRA for 2021 if you had taxable compensation. However, if you or your spouse were covered by an employer-sponsored retirement plan in 2021, then your ability to deduct your contributions may be limited or eliminated, depending on your filing status and modified adjusted gross income (MAGI). (See table below.) Even if you can't make a deductible contribution to a traditional IRA, you can always make a nondeductible (after-tax) contribution, regardless of your income level. However, if you're eligible to contribute to a Roth IRA, in most cases you'll be better off making nondeductible contributions to a Roth, rather than making them to a traditional IRA.

2021 income phaseout ranges for determining deductibility of traditional IRA contributions:		
1. Covered by an employer-sponsored plan and filing as:	Your IRA deduction is reduced if your MAGI is between:	Your IRA deduction is eliminated if your MAGI is:
Single/Head of household	\$66,000 and \$76,000	\$76,000 or more
Married filing jointly	\$105,000 and \$125,000	\$125,000 or more
Married filing separately	\$0 and \$10,000	\$10,000 or more
2. Not covered by an employer-sponsored retirement plan, but filing joint return with a spouse who is covered by a plan	\$198,000 and \$208,000	\$208,000 or more

Roth IRA

You can contribute to a Roth IRA if your MAGI is within certain limits. For 2021, if you file your federal tax return as single or head of household, you can make a full Roth contribution if your income is \$125,000 or less. Your maximum contribution is phased out if your income is between \$125,000 and \$140,000, and you can't contribute at all if your income is \$140,000 or more. Similarly, if you're married and file a joint federal tax return, you can make a full Roth contribution if your income is \$198,000 or less. Your contribution is phased out if your income is between \$198,000 and \$208,000, and you can't contribute at all if your income is \$208,000 or more. If you're married filing separately, your contribution phases out with any income over \$0, and you can't contribute at all if your income is \$10,000 or more.



Making a last-minute contribution to an IRA may help you reduce your 2021 tax bill. If you qualify, your traditional IRA contribution may be tax deductible. And if you had low to moderate income and meet eligibility requirements, you may also be able to claim the Saver's Credit for 2021 based on your contributions to a traditional or Roth IRA. Claiming this nonrefundable tax credit may help reduce your tax bill and give you an incentive to save for retirement. For more information, visit [irs.gov](https://www.irs.gov).

You have until your tax return due date (not including extensions) to contribute up to \$6,000 for 2021 (\$7,000 if you were age 50 or older on December 31, 2021) to all IRAs combined. For most taxpayers, the contribution deadline for 2021 is April 18, 2022.

2021 income phaseout ranges for determining eligibility to contribute to a Roth IRA:		
	Your ability to contribute to a Roth IRA is reduced if your MAGI is between:	Your ability to contribute to a Roth IRA is eliminated if your MAGI is:
Single/Head of household	\$125,000 and \$140,000	\$140,000 or more
Married filing jointly	\$198,000 and \$208,000	\$208,000 or more
Married filing separately	\$0 and \$10,000	\$10,000 or more

Even if you can't make an annual contribution to a Roth IRA because of the income limits, there's an easy workaround. You can make a nondeductible contribution to a traditional IRA and then immediately convert that traditional IRA to a Roth IRA. Keep in mind, however, that you'll need to aggregate all traditional IRAs and SEP/SIMPLE IRAs you own — other than IRAs you've inherited — when you calculate the taxable portion of your conversion. (This is sometimes called a "back-door" Roth IRA.)

If you make a contribution — no matter how small — to a Roth IRA for 2021 by your tax return due date and it is your first Roth IRA contribution, your five-year holding period for taking qualified tax-free distributions from all your Roth IRAs (other than inherited accounts) will start on January 1, 2021.

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